BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. [ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.] BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1884. VOLUME LI.—NUMBER 279.

Whig and Courier.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
At 19 and 21, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
J. BOUTELLE. C. A. BURR.
Terms—$6.00 per year, $3.00 for six months, $1.50 for three months, payable in advance.

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IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
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German Smoked Sausage, Partridge, Duck, Venison and Poultry of all Kinds, Sour Kraut, Celery, Vegetables.
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The Lowest Prices.
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New Shelled Almonds, Jordan
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New Raisins, Specials,
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FRED'K. HALL & CO.'S
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Having Purchased the
FUR BUSINESS
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LADIES' AND GENT'S FURS
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Also will make a specialty of
FUR TRIMMINGS
of all grades.
Men's Fur and Cloth Coats Fur Lined.
Also a splendid stock of
SLEIGH ROBES.
GEO. W. SULLIVAN.

Let Your Eyes Rest
INJUN WEED
For sale by Druggists generally.
W. B. GOULD & CO.
Sole Agents.

MR. D. A. BURNHAM,
Piano Tuner,
Who has been absent from the city during the summer months returns and will attend to his customers left at Hall's Book Store.

NOTICE.
The stockholders of the Stillwater Mining Corporation are requested to meet at the Banking Rooms of the Second National Bank, Wednesday, Nov. 26th, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M., for election of officers and transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.
J. FRED WEBSTER, Agent.
Office, Nov. 19th, 1884.
nov19 3t

STOCK IMMENSE,
At
Whitman's 99 Cent Store,
32 CENTRAL ST.
To enumerate the kinds would take too long, for will suffice!
Fire Works,
Masks, Canes, Base Balls and Foot Balls, Croquet sets, Hammocks, Wagons, Doll Jars, Baby Carriages, Bicycles, Skates, Birds and Cages of all kinds, Fancy Baskets, Base Ball Suits, Trotting Frames, Albums, Cards, Cameras, Mirrors, Clocks, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Canes, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Flower Pots, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Tobacco, Confectionery, Fancy &c.

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STEAM COOKER,
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SEWING MACHINES,
Of any make, at the Lowest Cash Prices. Shop next door to Post Office.
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Strictly One Price to All
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Are now being offered in our entire large stock of latest styles and newest fabrics in
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Elegant Models, New Patterns, Enticing Prices.
DESIRABLE NOVELTIES IN
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Interesting to Discriminating Lovers. Ample Rewarded!
We will give you full value for every dollar you leave with us, or guarantee satisfaction every time.
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Men, Teamsters, Farmers and Others Call and Examine My Stock of
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LADIES'
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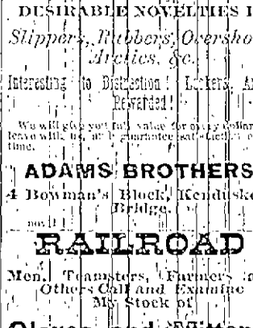
—OF THE—
UNIVERSAL POPULARITY
—OF THE—
Royal Clarion



COOKING RANGE,
You can easily ascertain, by an inspection of its merits, You will find it has more conveniences and is much better adapted to your wants than any other Range made.
Thousands and Thousands in Use
Every Range Warranted.
Manufactured and For Sale By
WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,
ALSO FOR SALE BY
JOSEPH SEMPLE, - - Bangor,
H. T. SPARKS, - - Brewer.
nov14 dew

THE
DECORATIVE ART CLUB
Have reopened their Room,
NO. 6 MAIN STREET,
and will be open until further notice, on STUDY DAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY afternoons, from two until five o'clock.
nov8

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE
LINIMENT
The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.
Excels all other Remedies for External Use.
CURES—Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Asthma, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Colds, Coughs, Neuralgia, Influenza, Headache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Pleurisy, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frosted Limbs and Ears, Chilblains, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Insect Stings, Bites of Animals, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough.
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.
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MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD.
Are truly cure SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, and all LIVER and BOWEL Complaints. MALARIA, BLOOD POISON, and SKIN Diseases (ONE PILL A DOSE). For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Sugar coated. Purely vegetable. Prepared only by J. H. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.
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Sent by mail for 25 cts. in stamps. Valuable information, 3 stamps. J. H. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.
It is a well-known fact that most of the Poultry now in the Country are ill with or liable to contract the Cholera, &c. Safe preventive, or cure for Chickens, &c., is Johnson's Condition Powder. Testimonials from home and foreign countries. Purchased in large cans price $1.00 by mail, $1.20. Circulars free. J. H. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.
MAKE HENS LAY
CHICKEN CHOLERA.

ELEGANT FANCY FEATHERS!
A Large Lot of Bargains Just Received from New York.
Extra Fine Black Ostrich Tips at Low Prices, at
19 Main St., - - - C. W. COFFIN.

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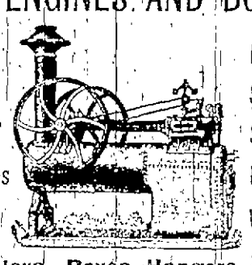

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Gang Lath Mills,
Clapboard Machines
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Rotary Bed Planers,
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LOOK AT
FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.'S
Great Show Window
And see samples of their IMMENSE STOCK. This stock has been selected with great care and it can be found
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Silk and Cashmere Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs.
AN ELEGANT LINE OF
Silk and Satin Ties in all the Latest Novelties.
FINE KID GLOVES IN ALL SIZES AND COLORS.
Silk and Worsted Wristers, English and American Hosiery.
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CARDIGAN JACKETS.
A Full Line of Linen and Celluloid Cuffs and Collars in all the Latest Styles
MEN'S AND BOYS'
Custom and Ready-Made Suits and Overcoats.
Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps, Men's and Boys' Rubbers and Overshoes, Men's and Boys' Rubber Boots and Rubber Coats.
FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.'S NEW STORE,
143 and 145 Exchange St., Cor. State.
nov11 d&w

Akron Vitrified Drain Pipe.
—THE—
ONLY INDESTRUCTIBLE DRAIN PIPE,
All others being affected by acids and moisture in the soil. It is the only Drain Pipe used by the Sewer Authorities of Boston and other large cities. The City of Boston has never refused to consider bids made by other manufacturers in Akron Drain Pipe Manufacturers.
—SOLD BY—
CETCHELL, LEICHTON & CO.,
29 CENTRAL STREET.

To Whom it May Concern!
And it concerning everyone that buys a rig of CLOTHING in Bangor. JOHN H. HARKIN, whose reputation as a FIRST CLASS CUTTER is well known in Bangor, can be found from this date at our establishment, prepared to fit all who desire FASHIONABLE GARMENTS, from as fine a line of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC Goods as can be found in the city.
KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, ROOM NO. 2, UP STAIRS.
FERNALD & CO.

BAY STATE RANGES,
—AND—
PARLOR STOVES,
Made by the Celebrated Burstow Stove Co. Best and Smoothest Castings in the Country. Call and examine before purchasing.
PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS.
SOLE AGENTS,
163 EXCHANGE STREET. 163

WE CLAIM and WILL PROVE IT
That we have the Largest Assortment and
Latest Styles of Fine Overcoats
in Bangor for Men and Boys, which we offer to sell at the
LOWEST MANUFACTURING COST, at
J. Waterman's "Boss Clothing House,"
75 and 77 EXCHANGE STREET.
Sign of the Dressed Man.
nov4 dew

Felt Weather Strips
For Doors and Windows at
WYMAN'S
Hardware and Paint Store,
(Next Door to Pullen's New Clothing House)
147 EXCHANGE STREET.
nov18 d

For Rent.
A suite of rooms with board at
MRS. HUNT'S,
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$5,000 Worth
Of Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces and Tin Ware,
Closing out Regardless of Cost for 30 Days at
65 EXCHANGE STREET.
Come in! Save $1.00 on a Stove or Range, representing $250 for sale cheap! Also Furniture.
G. L. DENNISON.
nov8

Good Lodging Rooms
At
NO. 7 PICKERING SQUARE.
oct23 1m*

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1840

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Square (one inch in space) and over:

For one square, one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
For one square, two weeks	3 00
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For one square, four weeks	4 50
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Each week's continuance	1 00

Each week's continuance.....

SPECIAL NOTICES
$1 00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements ordered out before the time of insertion is expired, specifying the number of insertions desired, will be charged transient rates for the actual number of insertions they may appear.
All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, 7 words to the inch, and 15 cents per line for leaded matter.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

Eight men are employed at Fields' machine shop, Lewiston, manufacturing the Whitney roller skate. An order of one thousand pairs was refused a short time ago on account of inability to fill the order within the given time.

There are divers rumors afloat, respecting the course to be taken by the Androscoggin Mills in the present business depression. All that has been decided is that the mill will not run next week.

Hereafter the pupils of the Lewiston Grammar School, by the suggestion and under the supervision of Principal Libby, will be trained in a fire drill. The pupils will be taught to pass quickly out of the room and building at the sound of the fire-bell bugle, which will be struck at unexpected times and so that the pupils will be in ignorance of knowing whether it be a false or a genuine alarm.

The Auburn Grand Trunk passenger depot was entered by thieves, Monday evening. The thieves secured nothing.

Cumberland.

The Portland Diamond Match Company are now forging their steel wrenches at the rate of thirty-five dozen per day, and will soon increase the number to fifty dozen per day. They are also making sample wrenches for exhibition at the New Orleans fair.

Monday afternoon, a gilt by the name of Knights, of Harding, while attempting to ascend a tree on a ladder, was thrown to the ground by the slipping of the ladder, falling heavily on her chin. Her face is badly swollen and she lies in a precarious condition.

Kennebec.

Major Frank E. Nye, who has been appointed Assistant Quartermaster in the United States Army, was selected by that position from some two hundred applicants. He has received no official notification of his appointment.

The past season has been one of the busiest ever known by the logs driven on the Kennebec. About 220,000 logs have come through the Hallowell boom, which is the largest with one exception (1880) ever known. Mr. Chas. Lawrence, the collector of the Kennebec Log Driving Company, reports the distribution as follows: Hallowell Lumber Company, 12,500; H. W. Jewett & Co., 80,000; J. M. Hayden Wiscasset, 75,000; M. G. Shaw, Bath, 75,000, Lawrence Bros., 80,000; Milliken & Son, Hallowell, 35,000; J. Gray & Son, 25,000; Glossom & Co., 18,000; Foster & Son, Richmond, 35,000; Messrs. Fogg, Hawthorn, 20,000; Joseph Vannay, Bath, 8,000; Bissell, Faulkner, 30,000. These logs were all driven from the Dead, Moose and Roach rivers, and the east branch of the Kennebec.

Oxford.

Last week the stores of Wadsworth & Partridge, at Bethel, were entered by burglars, and the safe was blown open. Forty-seven dollars belonging to C. C. Chapman, six dollars to the Congregational society, and twenty dollars and a number of notes payable to the firm were taken.

York.

Judge Rufus P. Tapley, of Saco, who has just recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia, is now confined to his residence with a slow fever.

The engine for the pumping station of the Biddeford and Saco Water Company weighs forty tons. Its removal from the Boston & Maine freight station to the works on the Hill-road, which was begun Monday, occupied three or four days.

The Biddeford stove foundry shut down Monday night, and thirty men are thrown out of employment. It is not known when work will be resumed, but it is probable that nothing of consequence will be done before the beginning of the new year. The suspension was forced by the slackness of trade and a surplus of goods on hand. The company makes between fifty and forty different styles of stoves and ranges, for many of which there is but little demand at the present time, and it is the purpose of the superintendent to dispose of the stock on hand before starting up work again, in order to avoid carrying many goods over to another fall.

The Presidential Contest.

[Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

"This official count in New York has been a great mercy to me and to men like me," said one of the party patriarchs on Saturday. "The day after the election it seemed to me that I could not bear the defeat of Blaine. The next three days were to me a mixture of rasping self-blame and ecstatic rejoicing. I was either so happy that I was almost ridiculous or so miserable that I was almost happy. My heart some days was as big as my fist and again as flabby as a toy balloon with only a spoonful of air in it.

"I went up and down with the bulletins. I marched and countermarched with the boys one night, and sneaked home the next feeling worse than any whipped dog ever did. The night the *Inter-Ocean* let off its five weeks I splintered a cane I had carried since 1840, and the next day I went with my great-grandchild and bought her a goat cart. Then, the next three days I began to recover my senses. I grieved and fumed, and soon began to feel a mournful satisfaction in being whipped.

"In 1863 I went down to Nashville to bring home one of my boys. I had five of them in the Union army. He had been shot to pieces, the latter said, and expected to find the fellow discouraged. It was bitter. He had been in an ugly fight in which his company had been driven from an important position with terrible loss. My boy fought to the last and had been shot through both arms and one leg. When I found him in the hospital he was bandaged hand and foot, and couldn't even stroke his hands with me. I bent over him and kissed him, as I had done when he was a boy, and cried like a woman.

"As I was bemoaning that fate he said, 'Pa, cut. It was a grand fight. I am pretty well cut up and pretty sore, but to have been in such a fight as that and to feel that I did as much as any other man to keep off the disaster that nearly came upon us gives me as much solid comfort as I ever felt in my life.' Why do you know, father, the shot of that old thing you presented to the regiment went to pieces in my hand, and before I received the last shot that floored me I tore the flag itself from the hands of a rebel and gave it to a man who carried it off.' I don't ask any man's pity. I am satisfied if the other fellows are. I did the best I could, and the getting whipped on this one occasion doesn't hurt me.'

"This week I have felt like that, you know. I was sick three weeks when Clay was defeated. I was mad for six months when Scott went down. I thought everything in Cyprus to the devil when Fremont was beaten. But I did my share of rejoicing over Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and Garfield, and during the week I have got myself so well in hand that I can bear the defeat of Blaine, the pride I have in the support I gave him more than balancing the disappointment over Cleveland's narrow margin of success. I could not have borne this thought of defeat last week. I can look at it now very much as my boy in the army nursed his wounds. Therefore, I say there was a mercy in the slow count in New York. I let us stiff-spirited and rheumatic old fellows down easily."

Trained Cormorants.

WINGED ASSISTANTS OF CHINESE FISHERMEN—AN AQUATIC FOWL'S WONDERFUL INTELLIGENCE.

"The first time I ever saw a fishing cormorant at work under the direction of his Chinese master, I thought it was one of the most amusing and at the same time interesting sights imaginable," said Engineer George Dean, who has spent a number of years in China. "I was paddling along the Min river in China, and came to a *sampan* boat, or raft moored to the pier of a bridge. I noticed a native squatting on the raft, and saw what at first I thought were a bunche of ducks grouped at one end of it. They were all faced toward the Chinaman, and he was gazing steadily at them with his hands on his knees, I stopped to see what was going on.

"Suddenly the man extended his right hand, palm upward, toward one of the birds, which I then saw were not ducks, for the one the Chinaman reached his hand to waddled as briskly as I could toward him, and hopped on the open palm. The man stroked its feathery fondly, rubbed his chin along its neck, which he kissed now and then, and talked to it Chinese, evidently in endearing terms. The bird seemed delighted. It laid its head on the Chinaman's arm, rubbed its peculiar bill against his face, and returned all his caresses. This lasted at least a minute, and then the man moved his left hand to the further side of the boat, and placed it on the edge. Then for the first time it came to me that this was a Chinese fisherman, working with cormorants.

"When the cormorant was placed on the edge of the raft it dipped its bill in the water, snapped it together audibly, bobbed up and down in the water, turned its head and fixed its glistening black eyes an instant on its master, and then slipped beneath the surface without a sound, scarcely leaving a ripple behind it. The Chinaman stayed where he was and awaited the reappearance of his bird without any apparent concern or anxiety. The other birds remained standing at the end of the raft, almost motionless, and without removing their eyes from their master. The bird that had dived into the water remained beneath the surface for probably a quarter of a minute, and then reappeared, popping almost out of the water as it came up. The lower half of a fish protruded from its mouth. The bird swam straight to the raft, climbed upon it, and, jumping on its master's knee, held its head up for him to remove the fish.

"The Chinaman pulled the fish from the bird's mouth with one hand, while he stroked its neck and plumage with the other, and whispered words of approval. The cormorant shook out its feathers, and showed its delight in various ways. Again its master placed it on the edge of the raft, and once more it glided noiselessly into the water. The other birds maintained their stolidity, apparently unmindful of what was going on around them. The cormorant that was hiding appeared in a short time, and again had made a successful dive. The same caressing was gone through with, and the bird was sent in for more fish. This process was repeated, as he thoroughly warmed up to its work, and went at it with activity that showed plainly the pleasure it took in it. The third time it was gone longer than usual, and when it finally came up it had no fish.

"The change in its actions was striking. It swam frantically about in the water, twirling and turning, and evinced the greatest distress, but, turn which way it might, it kept its sharp eyes fixed on its master, with an appealing expression. It made no move to approach the raft, and when the Chinaman placed his hand out, pointed downward with the forefinger, the bird dived again, and so quickly, that it was gone after a fish in a few seconds, up it came, bending to its mouth a large fish. This time it spun boldly for the raft, deposited its prey at its master's feet, and showed plainly by the quickness of its actions as he stroked its ruffled neck, that it had redeemed itself.

"When the Chinaman placed the third fish in his basket he took the cormorant and placed it in the centre of the raft. It seemed to understand that it had done its work satisfactorily and was entitled to rest, for it strutted proudly away and took up its position at the further end of the raft. When this was done in great change came over the other birds. Each one straightened itself up to its full height, arched its neck, shook out its feathers, and seemed quivering with expectancy. The Chinaman squatted before them as he had done before, eyed them curiously for a moment, and then held out his hand to the largest of the group. It hopped upon the hand and instantly its companions resumed their listless and indifferent attitudes. The Chinaman caressed this bird as he had done the first, but it did not reciprocate his attentions.

"It seemed sullen and showed no heart for its work. Its master placed it on the edge of the raft and it plunged in the water at once, splashing it about and disappeared. It was gone not more than five seconds, and came up without a fish. It swam about as the other bird had done, but did not exhibit distress or disappointment. It kept its eyes on its master, for no other purpose, apparently, than to receive his signal to dive again. When this was given the bird sank below the surface again. It remained below about as long as before, and came up again without a fish. The Chinaman now rose to his feet. He uttered something to the bird, and made the emphatic signal. His anger did not disturb the cormorant in the least.

"It was apparently an incorrigible servant. It dived deliberately the third time, and once more appeared without adding anything to its master's catch. Then the Chinaman uttered several guttural exclamations, and made a signal by striking his thumb over his shoulder. The cormorant swam unhesitatingly slam into the raft. Its master caught it by the neck and dragged it out of the water. He cuffed it several times on the head, and threw it violently down on the bamboos. I thought the poor bird must certainly have the life crushed out of it, but it arose coolly to its feet and dumped sullenly off to where the first cormorant stood, strong in its master's affection and approval. This bird manifested unmistakable delight at the discomfiture of its companion, but the others seemed to notice nothing, but the movements of their master.

"The Chinaman next held out both hands and took two of the remaining birds at once. These seemed to appreciate his caresses. They evidently felt that they were to be worked together, and that the competition would result in a greater or less reward. When they were placed on the top of the raft they eyed each other jealously, and when the signal was given both cut the water and disappeared together. In ten seconds one came up. It had a fish. It looked hurriedly around on all sides, doubtless to see if its rival had appeared yet, and hastened for the raft. It was within two feet of it before the other bird appeared, and then that came to the surface immediately in front of the first, and also with a fish in its mouth. Before it secured any advantage its rival was even with it in the race. They both reached the raft together, and were treated alike by their master."

A Fight With a Deer.

ANDREW CROUCH'S EXPLOITS IN THE BLACK LAKE REGION.

Andrew Crouch, the hunter and guide, whose feat of killing two deer at one shot in the Black Lake region, New York State, made him suddenly famous, besides being overrun with applications from city sportsmen for his services in hunting expeditions, has received a proposition from the proprietor of a museum to exhibit himself, with the mounted skins of the two deer, or two others, of the largest bodies cannot be had.

Remarkable as the killing of the two deer was, it is surpassed by another exploit of Crouch's, which required the exercise not only of all his skill as a woodsman, but an extraordinary degree of endurance and courage. The Black Lake woods are filled all through the hunting season with sportsmen from a distance, who readily hire a man to be the deer hunter. A party of men from Monticello having secured the services of Crouch as their guide, were "driving" the ridges near Black Lake. Crouch was standing on the same runway, and nearly on the spot where he shot the two deer at once. The day before his dogs had started two deer, but one of the pursuers failed in getting a shot.

On the day in question they started a buck, and drove it directly toward the spot where Crouch was standing. Anxious that some one of the visiting sportsmen should have a shot at the deer, Crouch fired one of his barrels in front of it as it came bounding through the brush with the intention of turning it toward another run way. The deer stopped short, and at first seemed undecided what to do, but hearing the lodging of the hounds it wheeled and ran directly toward Crouch. As it approached him, the hunter shifted the remaining barrel of it to kill, but it dropped at the crash poke. Crouch ran to it immediately and drew his knife to cut the throat. As he was stooping over the prostrate form, apparently lifeless, the deer suddenly sprung to its feet, and knocking the hunter down, gathered itself for another leap. As the hunter fell he struck a blow over the deer's left fore leg. The blow broke the bone, but in the struggle the muzzle of the gun from the hunter's hand was pointed toward the deer, and it fired.

The deer received its charge, and this time succeeded in getting free. One foot was torn from Crouch's shoulder, leaving the bone exposed, and the flesh was hanging down. Before it was out of the hunter's reach it received another blow from the rifle-stock across the muzzle, but this time the gun was broken in two, and the deer escaped. The wound did not prove to be as serious as the hunter had believed it was, and after nearly a quarter of an hour's wrestling with the buck, in which the hunter was trampled twice nearly under foot, and badly cut and bruised, he saw that unless he could make some effort to capture the buck he would lose it. At the first attack of the buck, after the breaking of the gun, Crouch's hunting knife had been knocked from his belt, and the closeness of the struggle rendered the gun useless, and he had thrown it to the ground. The struggle during the contestants to obtain a knowledge of where the gun lay, Crouch managed almost to get to the buck, and springing forward and grabbed possession of the weapon. The first heavy blow of the gun he broke the buck's spine in two. Crouch brought the gun down with all his strength on the deer's head, killing it back of the antlers. The buck dropped to its knees. The hunter followed up his advantage quickly, and with the gun-stock knocked out the animal's short mad career. The hunter fell exhausted at the side of the dead deer. The other hunters, a half an hour after found Crouch's two shots, went to his rescue to see what the result of the shooting had been, and found hunter and buck lying side by side. Crouch had won and his side of the fight so skillfully that a few scratches and bruises were the extent of his injuries, but he was too much exhausted to turn and make that day. The buck was one of the largest killed in Sullivan County for years.

Business Items.

Public speakers and singers find B. H. Dandelion & Sons' Capsicum Cough Drops a sure remedy for hoarseness. TSF

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for years with never failing success in millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulating the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25c a bottle.
oct13 IY M&W&Sw

Harry's Dandelion is clean and wholesome. Take internally or apply externally. It will cure Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Chilblains, Whooping or Spasmodic Coughs, etc. It contains no Gum or Spirit of Turpentine, or other dirty and repulsive base, but is clear, pure and strong. Recognize it as an old friend, people find it a friend indeed. Don't take any other. All grocers have it. Retail price 25 cents.
nov11 d&w

Notice! Notice is hereby given that any person in search of a truly beneficial plaster, must ask for Kent's Kidney and Back Plaster, and take no other.
oct28 d&w1m

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET

[Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.]

Produce Market
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 19.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures:
A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 56 pounds, and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.
The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 60 pounds, of potatoes, when sold by weight, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 57 pounds, of corn in the ear, 70 pounds, of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds, of oats, 32 pounds, of clover seed, 60 pounds, of flaxseed, 56 pounds, of dried apples, 24 pounds, of dried peaches, 33 pounds.

Country Produce.

APPLES—
Per barrel, $1.00 @ $2.00
BEANS—
Improved Yellow Eyes, per bush. $2 to to $2 10.
Pea, hand picked, per bush. 2 00 to 2 15
BUTTER—
Choice new roll ..... 24 to 25 cents.
Choice ..... do 20 to 22 do.
Fair to good ..... do 17 to 19 do.
CHEESE ..... do 12 to 13 do.
Best Factory, per lb., 12 to 13 cents.
Best Dairy ..... do 11 to 12 do.
DRIED APPLES—
Choice stock, per lb., 9 to 10 cents.
Sliced ..... do 15 to 17 do.
EGGS—
Fresh laid, per dozen, 28 cents.
HAY—
Best loose, per ton, $ 13 00 to $14 00.
Best pressed, do 14 00 to 15 00.
ONIONS—
Prime country, new, per bush., 35 to 38 cents.
Prime Western, do do 45 to 48 do.
PEARS—
Sheldons, per bush., $2 50.
Best Canada, whole, per bush., $1 15 to $1 25.
POTATOES—
Peach, per bushel (new) 45 to 50.
Rounds, per bushel, (old) 45 to 50.
PORK—
Round lots per lb., 6½ to 7 cents.
POULTRY—
Chicken, per lb., 12 to 13 cents.
Fowls, 11½ cents.
Turkeys, per lb., 17 to ..... do
Other kinds, per lb., ... do
ONIONS—Per bbl., $2.25.

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—
Bangor, ground in boxes, per box, 20 cents.
English butter salt, in 14 lb. bags, per box, 25 cts.
English butter salt, in 56 lb. bags, per box, 75 cts.
Liverpool, per bushel, 35 cents.
Turks Island, per bushel, 55 cents.

HERRING—
Pickerel, scaled, in boxes, per box, 25 cents.
HOMINY—
Lemon Nonpareil, per lb., 15 to 20 cents.
Rolled Oats, per ..... lb. 20 to 22 do.
Oatmeal, ... lb. 15 to 20 do.
Vermont, ... lb. 15 to 17 do.
CURRANTS—English, per lb., 10 to 12 cents.
CRANBERRIES—$3 per quart, 15c. 12 cents.
FRUIT CANS—
Pint, self-sealing, per qt., 10 cents.
Best self-sealing, per qt., 12 cents.
KEROSENE OIL—
125° test, per gallon ..... 15 cents.
Globe ..... do ..... 20 do.
VINEGAR—
By the barrel, per gallon, 30 to 35 cents.
Cider, by the barrel ..... 35 cents.
FLOUR—
Best Spring Wheat ..... $7 50 to $7 75
Best Minnesota ..... 6 00 to 6 25
Good Family ..... 5 25 to 5 75
CORN—
Shelled, wholesale, 70 to 75 cents.
CORN MEAL—
50 lbs. to bushel, per lb. 70 cents.
SUGAR—
Best Cuba, per lb. ..... 8 cents.
Standard Granulated ..... 9 cents.
Extra C ..... 8½ cents.
Coffee C ..... 8 cents.
Bangor Crushed ..... 9 cents.
Powdered ..... 9 cents.
Cube ..... 9 cents.
Bulk, from Store ..... 8 cents.
Boxes, assorted ..... 8 cents.
SYRUP—
Extra C ..... per gal. 35 cents.
Choice ..... do 30 cents.
Fair to good ..... do 25 cents.
MOLASSES—
Porto Rico, per gal. ..... 35 cents.
Cuba Clayed ..... 30 cents.
Cuba Muscovado ..... 25 cents.
COTTON—$ 50 to $1 00 per hundred.
Bunch for packing, at $1 35 per hundred.

Breadstuffs, Grain, Etc.

OATS, in bulk ..... per bu. 35 cents.
Best seed ..... do 5 cents.
Best fed ..... do 3 cents.
Best Canada ..... do 4 cents.
Rye Meal ..... do 5 cents.
Rye ..... do 5 cents.
Buckwheat ..... do 3 cents.
FEED—
Cracked Corn ..... per ton
Western ..... do
Corn, ear ..... do
Meal, from Store ..... do
Bulk, from Store ..... do
Bran, from Store ..... do
SUGAR—
Granulated ..... per lb. 9 cents.
Extra C ..... do 8 cents.

LOST.
Between Bangor House and Hall's Book Store, a Diamond Pin. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at Hall's Book Store.
nov19 3t

BUSINESS CHANCE.
A Lumber Yard ..... Double team work for sale.
Shingle Mill ..... Cheap.
Saw Mill ..... For sale or to let.
Planing Mill ..... For sale.
Sash and Door Shop ..... For sale.
Box Shop ..... For sale.
Planing Mill ..... For sale.
Planing Mill ..... For sale.
Planing Mill

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to the Publishers. All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1884.

How easy it will be to carry Maine two years from now.—*New York Times.*

For the Republicans, certainly. And by a large majority, too.

The Democratic papers of the North are running over with criticisms of Mr. Blaine's speech, which they denounce as sophistical, but as to the accuracy of his statement as set out by the Southern press, none dare to say a word.

The Lewiston *Journal* notices that of the South gets two cats in the Cabinet, which, Herald says, is more than Representatives will respect the size of two on the supreme Bench, though it may be safe with as great a degree of confidence.

The *Commercial* votes in editorial the secession of the Democratic party and declares its ability to "go it alone" but says nothing by way of a threat. But the Columbus *Dispatch* declares that the vote will be Democratic by a majority of 20,000 and that the Democratic party will not only control the State Legislature, but will elect a majority of the Congressmen. Which will be right?

The Democratic papers are jubilant over the result in Connecticut, and declare that it foreshadows the defeat of Mr. Blaine in November. Connecticut has four votes in the Electoral College, and Maine seven. Connecticut has a majority of 1,078 on the face of the returns, but the Democrats claim that they have elected three Congressmen, which will give them a majority on joint ballot. Maine has a majority of 15,000 on the face of the returns, and will elect three Congressmen, which will give the Republicans a majority on joint ballot of 21,000. Connecticut has been Democratic for years, and Maine Republican for years. Connecticut has a population of 622,700, and Maine of 648,936. Connecticut has a Democratic Governor, Senate and House, and Maine a Republican Governor, Senate and House. Connecticut has a Democratic Legislature on joint ballot, and Maine a Republican Legislature on joint ballot. Connecticut has a Democratic majority of 1,078, and Maine a Republican majority of 15,000. Connecticut has four votes in the Electoral College, and Maine seven votes

Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1884.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM AUGUSTA

Session of the Governor and Council—All the Business Not Yet Received—Matters Before the Council for Consideration

AUGUSTA Nov 20 The Governor and Council were in session most of the day They were engaged a portion of the time distributing the electoral returns All are in excepting Fort Kent Senator Hale, and Wilkinson, Aroostook Hale's Plantation, Oxford, and Smith, Webb County Messengers were dispatched for the returns, and will probably be here on account of this delay it will require several days to complete the distribution Assistant Secretary Fassett of Hartford is now engaged in drawing an outline of the State Seal for the Council They will probably conclude to substitute a report to the Legislature Gilbert parties of the organization of special constables in Kennebec will enforce the enforcement of the Scott law in the County

FROM BRIDGTON

Grand Battle Celebration

BOSTON Nov 20 The Democrats of Bridgton and adjoining towns are to celebrate to night with a procession of Hayes Hendricks and Logan Hayes Hendricks and Logan Hayes Hendricks and Logan

(From the London Truth.)

A Boarding-House Engagement.

Mrs. Harrington Williams was well known as one of the most fashionable and comfortable boarding-houses in Folkestone. It stood close to the Leas, with a large semi-public garden at the back and a glimpse of the sea in front. The house had what might be called a "superior" air. Mrs. Harrington Williams herself was the widow of a country parson of good family. From him she derived an unusually valuable collection of pictures, furniture, and household effects generally, including a quantity of old-fashioned plate, bearing the Harrington Williams crest, and a pair of massive silver candelabra, which, on special occasions, gave her dining-room a distinguished appearance beyond the ordinary style of boarding-houses.

Although, however, the house was nearly always full, and the guests mostly of a good paying class, the business did not return a large profit. The expenses of an establishment of this size, especially when conducted with such liberality as Mrs. Williams', are necessarily high. Added to this, Mrs. Williams was encumbered by three daughters, the youngest of whom was now eighteen, and neither she nor the young ladies had much notion of economy. Afternoon or four years, therefore, at Virginia House, Mrs. Williams' position had begun to cause her some anxiety.

The Misses Williams were stylish, good-looking girls. They added immensely to the attractions of Virginia House, and seemed an unfailing supply of bachelor boarders of a peculiarly profitable kind. In the course of a season they would have half a dozen promising flirtations among them, but somehow they never got beyond flirtation. This was a disappointment to Mrs. Williams, who, when the precedent had once been established, would have been quite willing to see one of her daughters settled in life. Accordingly, she encouraged the attentions of Mr. Frank Bartlett, the managing partner, who had been smitten by Miss Williams' charms, and had subsequently spent two consecutive seasons as summer boarder at Virginia House. But though a good-looking fellow and a promising solicitor, Bartlett was far from being an eligible parti in the eyes of either Mrs. Williams or her mother. There were obvious reasons for encouraging him up to a certain point, but the young lady took good care that this point was never passed.

Some little excitement was consequently caused among the Williamses, about the end of August, by a letter which was received, dated from a first-class West-end club, inquiring whether accommodation could be at once secured for Mr. Stuart Romney-Romney and one servant.

On receipt of this letter Mrs. Williams promptly dispatched, and a couple of days later Mrs. Williams, from the shelter of a convenient corner, saw an upper window behold Mr. Stuart Romney-Romney duly set up, accompanied by a slightly respectable man servant, and an enormous pile of luggage.

The next arrival turned out to be a gentleman's valet of thirty-two or thirty-three years, with keen, dark eyes, and fairly good features, rather spoilt by a low forehead, across which his hair was plastered flat. His manners were at first somewhat distant and reserved. This, however, wore off on closer acquaintance, and after a few days he was unanimously voted a decided acquisition to the house.

From the first there was naturally a good deal of speculation as to who Mr. Romney-Romney was. It happened that there were then staying at Virginia House two maiden ladies named Hornecastle, sisters of a prosperous banker in the west of England. Miss Hornecastle, being not only wealthy, but couling of a county family on her mother's side, was looked up to as rather an authority on questions of social status.

In consultation with her sister Emilia she had discovered the possibility of their new acquaintance's connection with a certain family of Herefordshire baronets. Mr. Romney-Romney's answers to a few questions directly but to him on the subject confirmed this theory; and when, after this, Mrs. Williams reported that her new guest's dressing-case and travelling pamphernalia were not only lavishly supplied with silver, but emblazoned with the coronet and "Pierce Giles," the matter was settled beyond a doubt.

Miss Hornecastle was particularly gracious to the new comer, and in his honour the two old ladies even went so far as to display from time to time the fragments of their family jewels, which had reserved from the wreck of all but a select circle of friends, to dazzle up.

But the most satisfactory from the first Mr. Romney obvious attention to Miss was at once noticed that he tried to have Bertha for lawn-tennis, and that more not he was at her sidewalk with the ladies upon the Le noon or evening, or when on in the drawing-room after it was quite certain that t met with no discouragement quarter.

About a week after Mr. ney's arrival Mr. Frank down for his annual holid just few weeks Bartlett had to the firm of Filey & Tapu he parted with some hop Bertha to share his improv not, however, like him lon the state of the case. Hal ing in the natural readiness his condition to direct a ch have been quickly enlight changed demeanor of Mrs. her family. Bitterly he had treated with considerable now, doubtless owing partly portune time of his arrival, self received with marked cat

It was natural, therefore, t lett should not take very cor Romney-Romney. This, h not due solely to jealousy. I been many hours in Folkes crossed his mind that he l rival's face before—the coul when or where—but the idea confirmed every time he lo Romney-Romney and, wor natural prejudice, raised him vague suspicions as to that unfortunate.

After he had been a couple Virginia House, this impulse definite shape, and a plan oc for settling them at once, for which he determined to apply Hams. Kate and he had als friendly terms, and, from c chance expressions, he suspe was by no means charmed wit-in-law in prospect.

"Kate," he said, taking the horns, "I want to ask you a qu Mr. Romney-Romney. Who does your mother know about

"As much as she does about people who come here," K

"He gave a good reference, a his bill regularly. Come, Fra not I a fond of him, but you that he is a gentleman."

"Gentleman or not," said Bat is something about him that Now don't laugh—I am perfe and I have come to you bec your help."

"My help?" asked Kate, in s

"Yes. I want you to get m graph. I have a notion that him before, and I should like partner, Popham, if he rough

"Mr. Romney-Romney has photograph," answered Kate was asking him for one the and he told her that he had photographed since he went a said, quite seriously, that he nervous horror of being tak could not sit.

"Fiddlesticks!" ejaculated Ba

"But I tell you what we have went on, evidently taking with assisting in unravelling mysa bet took a sketch of his head while he was playing bezique w It's a splendid likeness—quite a photograph. She put it a where, and I have no doubt I

Bartlett said he should like and, to his delight, a little later ning Kate took an opportunity the portrait to him privately. to be a rough, but very characte ness of the original; and that ning Mr. Bartlett posted it to Mr. bum, with a short statement of the circumstances which led to its sending.

Mrs. Williams had felt rather annoyed with Mr. Bartlett for intruding himself at this crisis in Bertha's fortunes; but it really seemed as if his arrival had stimulated Mr. Romney-Romney's attachment. On the day after Mr. Bartlett's arrival, which was Sunday, Mr. Romney-Romney escorted the ladies to church, and walked home with Miss Williams. On Monday they were together all the morning upon the bench, awaiting the arrival of the Dalogne pet. Where on the sands Mr. Romney, Frank Bartlett, who, holding the above conversation with Miss Williams in a corner of the drawing-room, first observed that every lady in the room, even Mrs. Bertha and Mrs. Romney-Romney herself, was looking at her daughter. Bertha had just received from the confectionary Row, sitting on the parade, they pulled up and stayed there for half an hour in front of the seat, and ten minutes after they came in Mrs. Williams knew that her eldest daughter had proposed to become Mrs. Romney-Romney.

By breakfast-time the next morning the news was known all over the house, and Bertha had received the congratulations of her friends. Miss Hornecastle, coming among the first, Bertha, true, had managed to put a fairly good face upon the ceremony.

(To be concluded.)

Wall Papers and Borders,

Fall Trade.

WINDOW SHADES,

CHAS. HIGHT.

Thousands Hastened to their Graves.

Thousands Upon Thousands

A Losing Joke.

Face of Doctors.

Given up by the Doctors.

MISS BEECHER'S

Hair or Whisker Dye

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

For the Cure of Kidney and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the BLOOD.

DO THE RIGHT THING.

Common Sense Talk to Bilious People.

Clear Testimony of Witness.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, ONLY SI

BY MAIL POST-PAID.

SHOW THYSELF

A Great Medical Work on Manhood,

HEAL THYSELF

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. D. FARNHAM..... Postmaster
E. M. CUMMINGS..... Ass't Postmaster
W. S. LAWRENCE..... Money Order Clerk

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A.M. to 6 P.M., and from 8 to 8½ P.M. Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A.M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A.M.	P.M.
Western Railway	6 45	17 35
Eastern Railway	6 00	6 30
Penobscot R. R.	6 45	
Ellsworth and Bar Harbor	6 45	6 30
Belfast	6 30	
Dexter	6 30	
Bucksport	6 30	6 30
Dixmont	6 30	
Boston and Charleston		1 30
Lewiston and Exeter		1 30
Brunswick		1 30
Skowhegan		1 30
Newport and Aurora	11 30	

Night train to Boston runs every night.

Mail closes Sunday at 6.15 P.M. Collections from street boxes same as on week days.

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A.M.	P.M.
Western Railway	7 50	3 50
Eastern Railway	7 00	1 15
Penobscot Railroad		1 15
Ellsworth and Bar Harbor	8 00	3 45
Belfast		3 00
Bucksport	7 30	3 00
Dixmont		3 00
Lewiston and Charleston	11 00	
Dixmont	11 30	
Brunswick and Exeter	11 30	
Skowhegan	11 30	
Newport and Aurora	11 30	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters for delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should call on their correspondents at above and have letters addressed accordingly.

Persons having their address of the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is more convenient to have the street and number. Carriers make their deliveries as early as possible, so that letters left early daily, the first trip supplying the business of their routes.

Collections are made every morning, noon and evening in season for important mails.

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8 to 9 A.M., and from 12 to 1 P.M., on Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A.M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and receipt as to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, and bearing the request to return to the Postmaster, which envelopes will be furnished at the rate of $1 per thousand, or 100 for 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if not claimed within thirty days or less, written in the upper left hand corner of the envelope, and the name of the Post Office, will be complied with.

Attention is also directed to the necessity of placing the full name of the State in the direct address of letters, as this will prevent delay in the delivery of letters.

Stamped envelopes will be furnished at the rate of $2.20 per thousand.

Stamped envelopes must be returned at the office of their location, at the rate of two cents per dozen for each issue. The same rule applies to packages.

Circulars free, except to letter carrier offices, and all coming to this office, if published in Bangor, or to regular publishers in County, if delivered by carrier, some cent in stamps.

Postage Stamps—Some as to the Stamps on letters, postal cards, newspapers, circulars, &c., will be found under headings to each.

THIRD CLASS.

Postage One Cent for Four Ounces.

Newspapers, and Periodicals, which includes everything of Second Class, when sent as transient matter.

Postage One Cent for Two Ounces.

Books (not all), pictures, and other matter not in print, except written matter accompanying the same.

FOURTH CLASS.

Postage One Cent for each Ounce.

Merchandise, dried fruits, and other articles not included in the first, second and third classes, such as cards, samples, patterns, models, ores, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, grafts, plants, &c., &c., &c.

Manuscript, photographs, plates, electrotypes, stereotypes, and all matter wholly in writing, except as a personal correspondence, are charged with letter postage.

Postage must be prepaid by stamps affixed to the matter to be sent.

Limit of weight, four pounds.

Limit of size, two feet in length, one foot in width or thickness.

Matter of the fourth class may be registered, upon payment of fee, in addition to the regular postage.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week, if not claimed in due time they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system, as a safe and cheap method of remitting small sums of money. Orders are issued for any sum through one hundred dollars. Larger sums can be sent by two or more orders.

[illegible] Money Order Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be procured, if upon [illegible] where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be registered. Money should never be enclosed in unregistered letters.

Hours for issuing Money Orders—From 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless [illegible] is of trifling value. Under the system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in addition to the registration fee in stamps, for—

United States	10 cents
Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States	10 cents
From A. to B. in the State	5 cents

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Dr. Possessions, Republic, British Mail	
British mail to San Francisco	
British mail	
Ireland,	
Kingdom, forced mail	
not mail	
mail	
Providence	
Charleston	
Record	
Charleston	
Record	
Charleston	
Record